

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO	. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/705,454 11/10/2003		William Silver	C97-050 CON5 6691			
23459	7590	11/12/2004		EXAMINER		
ARTHUR		_	MARIAM, DANIEL G			
LEGAL DI COGNEX			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ONE VISIO			2621			
NATICK,	MA 0176	60-2077	DATE MAILED: 11/12/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	Application No.		Applicant(s)			
		10/705,454		SILVER ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		DANIEL G M		2621				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	cation appears on the co	over sheet with the co	orrespondence add	ress			
THE - Extermination after - If the - If NC - Failure - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months are dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, unication. o) days, a reply within the statutor, utory period will apply and will ex will, by statute, cause the applicat	however, may a reply be time y minimum of thirty (30) days pire SIX (6) MONTHS from t ion to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely. he mailing date of this com 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on						
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is non-	-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5) <u>□</u> 6)⊠	Claim(s) 121-167 (renumbered as 1.4a) Of the above claim(s) is/arc Claim(s) is/arc allowed. Claim(s) 122-168 is/arc rejected. Claim(s) is/arc objected to. Claim(s) arc subject to restrict	e withdrawn from consi	deration.					
Applicati	on Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on 10 November Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to	r 2003 is/are: a)⊠ acception to the drawing(s) be hold the correction is required	reld in abeyance. See f the drawing(s) is obje	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFF	R 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation see the attached detailed Office action	documents have been redocuments have been reported the priority documents and Bureau (PCT Rule 1	eceived. eceived in Applications have been received 7.2(a)).	on No d in this National S	tage			
					•			
Attachmen			-					
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date	TO-948)	Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat Notice of Informal Pa Other:	te	t, 152) [∤]			

Art Unit: 2621

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. In page 2 of the amendment to the specification, under the heading Cross Reference to Related Applications", U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/979,588 which is not a correct Application number. Appropriate correction is required.

Original Claims

2. While applicants have canceled claims 1-120 of the originally filed claims by the amendment (See page 3 of the amendment), and have submitted newly added claims 121-167 (See pages 3-7 of the amendment), the originally filed claims in fact contain claims 1-121.

Applicant should cancel originally filed claims 1-121.

Claim Objections

- 3. Claims 152-155 directly or indirectly depends on claim 151. Claims 152-155 are not examined because of the impermissible dependency recited in claim 151. Claim 151 is objected to because it depends on itself. A claim that depends on itself is not permissible. Dependent claim 151 should refer to a preceding claim. A similar dependency also occurs in claims 154 and 161. Appropriate correction is required.
- 4. The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Misnumbered claims 121-167 have been renumbered 122-168.

Art Unit: 2621

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- 6. Claims 133, 137-142, and 165 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. While the above-identified claims recite the limitation "universal code, common code, and group consisting of *care* and don't care" respectively, the specification says nothing about theses limitations.
- 7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 8. Claim 122 recites the limitation "the expected shape" in line 4. A similar limitation also occurs in claim 157. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

Since claims 123-156 and 158-168 directly or indirectly depend on claims 122 and 157 respectively, they are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, for the same reason set forth above for claims 122 and 157.

Art Unit: 2621

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

9. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 10. Claims 122-123, 125, and 149-150 and are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gee, et al. (5,459,636).

With regard to claim 122, a model pattern representing a training image of an object, the model pattern for use in geometric pattern matching with a run-time, i.e., target image, image having image boundary points (See for example, col. 1, lines 40-60), the model pattern comprising: a geometric description of the expected shape of the object, i.e., vehicle, the geometric description including a plurality of pattern boundary points, i.e., data points located along the edges of the model, in the training image of the object (See for example, item 12, in Fig. 1b); and a plurality of field elements, i.e., size, shape, distance, etc, disposed within a region of the training image that includes the boundary points (See for example, col. 3, lines 37-53).

With regard to claim 123, wherein each field element comprises: a vector indicating distance and direction to a nearest boundary point along a pattern boundary that includes at least some of the boundary points (See col. 4, lines 14-28).

With regard to claim 125, the model pattern of claim 123, each field element further comprising: a gradient direction at the nearest boundary point (See Figs. 8a-8d).

With regard to claim 149, the model pattern of claim 122, wherein each field element

Art Unit: 2621

comprises: information that is stored as a function of position (See for example, col. 3, lines 49-65).

With regard to claim 150, the model pattern of claim 149, wherein the information is stored as a function of real-valued position, i.e., pose volume: six dimensional and/or two dimensional, within the region of the training image that includes the boundary points (See col. 3, lines 49-66).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. Claim 148 and 151 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gee, et al. (5,459,636) in view of (5,550,937).

With regard to claim 148, Gee, et al. (hereinafter "Gee") discloses all of the claimed subject matter as noted above in paragraph 10, and incorporated herein by reference. While the system of Gee arranges the elements in two dimensional as shown in Fig. 1, Gee does not expressly call for arranging the field elements as a regular array having a *grid spacing* similar to the *grid spacing* of the run-time image. However, Bell, et al (Figs. 4 and 5) teaches this feature. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the grid arrangement taught by Bell, et al into the system of Gee, if for no other reason than to arrange the elements of the model and target images using grid points, and to do would at least improve the recognition process.

Art Unit: 2621

With regard to claim 151, claim 148 encompasses the limitation of this claim, and thus argument similar to that presented above for claim 148 is equally applicable to claim 151.

13. Claims 157 and 164 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gee, et al. (5,459,636).

With regard to claim 157, Gee discloses a model pattern representing a training image of an object, the model pattern for use in geometric pattern matching with a run-time, i.e., target image, image having image boundary points (See for example, col. 1, lines 40-60), the model pattern comprising: a geometric description of the expected shape of the object, i.e., vehicle, the geometric description including a plurality of pattern boundary points, i.e., data points located along the edges of the model, in the training image of the object (See for example, item 12, in Fig. 1b); a plurality of zones (given the broadest reasonable interpretation, this feature reads on the separation of each edge/boundary point at each location along the contour by blank spaces, and the creation/calculation of vector components between each point) each zone being characterized by an (evaluation code) for determining how an image boundary point within the zone is to be evaluated (col. 4, lines 11-31 and 57-67). Gee meets the limitations of claim 157 except that it characterizes each one of the separated points by a vector component rather than an evaluation code in order to compute the edge points. However, because these two elements are functionally equivalent, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to substitute the vector component for the evaluation code, since the objective is to estimate, calculate or evaluate the image edge point.

With regard to claim 164, the model pattern of claim 157, wherein each zone includes at least one field element, i.e., distance, that includes the evaluation code (See col. 4, lines 57-67).

Page 7

Application/Control Number: 10/705,454

Art Unit: 2621

Conclusion

14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patent Number: 5544254, 5555320, 6026186, 6128405, and 6226418; a publication to Gorman discloses "Recognition of incomplete polygonal objects"; and Hügli, et al. discloses "Geometric matching of 3D objects assessing the range of successful initial configurations".

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL G MARIAM whose telephone number is 703-305-4010. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-4:30) FIRST FRIDAY OFF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, LEO BOUDREAU can be reached on 703-305-4607. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PRIMARY EXAMINER

November 4, 2004